CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- 1. A vector system for transfection and recombinant polypeptide expression in a mammalian host cell comprising:
 - (a) a first cistron encoding a transactivator protein under control of a first promoter; and
 - (b) a second cistron encoding an apoptosis-protective protein under the control of the first promoter or optionally under the control of a second promoter;

wherein the first and the second cistron are contained in one or more vectors.

- 2. The vector system of Claim 1, further comprising a third cistron encoding at least one desired polypeptide under control of a third promoter, wherein said third promoter is responsive to the transactivator protein and wherein the first, the second, and the third cistrons are contained in one or more vectors.
- 3. The vector system of Claim 2, further comprising one or more additional cistrons each encoding a desired polypeptide under control of a promoter responsive to the transactivator protein.
- 4. The vector system of Claim 2, wherein said polypeptide is a single chain antibody or a heavy or light chain of an antibody or antibody fragment.
 - 5. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the first and second cistrons are on one vector and the first cistron lies downstream of the second cistron.
 - 6. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the first cistron encodes a CREB protein or a variant thereof.
- 7. The vector system of Claim 6, wherein the CREB protein variant is CREB variant Y134F.
 - 8. The vector system of Claim 6, wherein the second cistron encodes an adenoviral E1b-19K protein, a Bcl-2 protein, or a Bcl-2 protein having a deletion in the regulatory loop domain.



- 20. The vector system of Claim 19, wherein the ubiquitous chromatin opening element comprises an extended methylation-free CpG-island.
- 21. The vector system of Claim 19, wherein the ubiquitious chromatin opening element comprises a hnRNP A2 promoter.
- A method of expressing a desired recombinant polypeptide in a mammalian host cell comprising introducing to the mammalian host cell:
 - (a) a first cistron encoding a transactivator protein under control of a first promoter;
 - (b) a second cistron encoding an apoptosis-protective protein under control of the first promoter or optionally under control of a second promoter; and
 - (c) a third cistron encoding the desired polypeptide under control of a third promoter;

wherein said third promoter is responsive to the transactivator protein.

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- 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein the third cistron is associated with a ubiquitous chromatin opening element, an insulator, or a barrier element.
- The method of Claim 22, wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of a CHO cell, a mouse myeloma cell, a mouse hybridoma cell, a rat myeloma cell, and a rat hybridoma cell.
 - 25. The method of Claim 24, wherein the host cell is a cell capable of growing in a suspension.
- 26. The method of Claim 24, wherein the host cell is a YB2/0 rat hybridoma cell.
 - 27. The method of Claim 22, wherein the first or second promoter is an efficient heterologous promoter.
 - 28. The method of Claim 22, wherein the transactivator and the apoptotic protective protein are homologous to the endogenous transactivator and apoptotic protective proteins of the host cell.
 - 29. The method of Claim 22, wherein the first cistron encodes a transactivator protein selected from the group consisting of an Ela protein, a CREB protein, and variants thereof.

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9. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the first cistron encodes an adenoviral E1a polypeptide or a variant thereof.

- 10. The vector system of Claim 9, wherein the adenoviral E1a variant comprises a mutation in CR1.
- The vector system of Claim 10, wherein the adenoviral E1a variant comprises a 47H mutation.
 - 12. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the second cistron encodes an apoptosis-protective protein selected from the group consisting of a dominant negative mutant of p53, a protein that interacts with BAX, a protein that interacts with BAK, an inhibitor of apoptosome formation, and a downstream apoptosis inhibitor.
 - 13. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the second cistron encodes an adenoviral E1b-19K protein, a Bc1-2 protein, or a Bc1-2 protein having a deletion in the regulatory loop domain.
- 14. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the first or second promoter is an efficient heterologous promoter.

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- 15. The vector system of Claim 1, wherein the first or second promoter is a RSV-LTR promoter, a SV-40 promoter, or a cytomegalovirus promoter.
- 16. The vector system of Claim 2, wherein the third promoter comprises a CREB-binding element or a 19bp repeat from a hCMV-MIE enhancer.
- 17. The vector system of Claim 2, wherein the third promoter comprises a TATAA transcription initiation signal.
 - 18. The vector system of Claim 2, wherein the third promoter is a hCMV-MIE promoter having a TATAA box region.
- 19. The vector system of Claim 2, wherein the third cistron is associated with a ubiquitous chromatin opening element, an insulator, or a barrier element.